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# EVENING BULLETIN

3:30 EDITION Xmas ads create Xmas wants that Xmas stocks can fill

Merchants who talk about honest goods in an honest, interesting way, in the advertising columns of the BULLETIN, seldom have slack times.

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## KUHIO DENOUNCES SUICIDE!

### PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE HELPS HAWAII

## Gun Fighters Are Indicted

### McQuaid and Driver Must Answer For Fort Street Shooting

William McQuaid and Volney C. Driver, the two principals in the shooting affray at Fort and Hotel streets on the morning of November 4th were indicted by the Territorial Grand Jury this morning on charges of assault to commit murder and both men will have to stand trial in the Circuit Court.

The Territorial Grand Jury in session all morning and heard the testimony of a number of witnesses who saw the shooting. It was found that there was little material discrepancy in the statement made, all agreeing that McQuaid has opened fire upon Driver while the latter was in the act of boarding a Nuanuu car at Hotel and Fort.

Testimony was also heard as to the manner in which McQuaid was shot, several witnesses stating that Driver advanced to the door of the Baltimore restaurant and, after taking deliberate aim at the figure of McQuaid in the far corner of the room, opened fire and shot McQuaid through the back. McQuaid was attempting to escape, according to the statements before the Grand Jury this morning, and was in no way in a position to inflict further harm to his assailant, his pistol being empty.

Indictments were also returned this morning against a Japanese named Imamura on a charge of burglary in the first degree; A. Williamava on a charge of assault to commit murder and J. Kagata on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon.

## M'CROSSON BILL GRANTS FIFTY-YEAR RIGHTS WHEN PRESENT LEASES TERMINATE

Cable advices from Washington were received this morning giving in outline the contents of the bill introduced for Delegate Kuhio in Washington last week, which grants water rights on the military reservation to John T. McCrosson and his business associates.

It provides for the granting to McCrosson and his associates of water rights of the reservation for a period of fifty years upon the termination of the present leases, with the right to construct dams, reservoirs and canals, and with the right of present entry upon the lands, provided the grantee, McCrosson, supplies the United States Government with pipes and reservoirs where required, free of cost to it.

With the publication of the news that John T. McCrosson is behind a bill introduced in Congress to control the water rights on the military reservation on Oahu, the following copy of the law under which the Wahiawa water company is now operating is of particular interest. The law is as follows:

(Public—No. 216.)

(H. R. 21957.)

### AN ACT RELATING TO AFFAIRS IN THE TERRITORIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Sec. 26. That the Wahiawa Water Company (Limited), a corporation organized under the laws of the Territory of Hawaii for the purpose of irrigation, be, and is hereby, granted the right of way through the lands of the United States to the extent of the ground occupied by the waters of the reservoirs and canals of said company and their laterals, and fifty feet on each side of the marginal limits thereof, including that portion of said company's irrigation works located within the limits of the military reservation made by the order of the President July twentieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, setting aside a portion of Waianae-uka, in the island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and as published in the General Orders of the War Department numbered one hundred and forty-seven, and dated August tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and including also the right to take from the lands of the United States adjacent to the line of

the canals earth and stone necessary to the construction thereof, the said reservoir sites, canals and laterals and waterways being now occupied under an outstanding lease from the former authorities of said Territory to said company and so recognized in said General Orders: Provided, That the plans for the works herein proposed shall be submitted to the Secretary of War for approval, and shall be carried out in conformity to such regulations in respect to maintenance and operation as he shall prescribe: Provided also, That the servitude herein granted shall not prevent the movement of troops over the said right of way, and when the movement of field artillery and wagon trains is impeded or prevented, due to the use of gulches for water storage by said company, bridges suitable for the passage of troops, artillery and wagon trains across said gulches, with suitable approaches thereto, shall be provided by said company when required by the Secretary of War, said bridges and approaches to be constructed in accordance with plans approved by

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## CLAIM FREAR'S WARRANT VOID

The sufficiency of the executive warrant signed by Governor Frear in connection with the extradition proceedings in the Jew Yuen Mow case was the target for attack in the Circuit Court this morning before Judge Robinson.

The warrant was defended by Attorney-General Lindsay and Deputy Smith; while Attorney McBride had a collection of authorities to the general effect that the warrant as signed by Governor Frear is fatally defective in a number of important particulars.

McBride claims that the warrant does not specify that his client is a fugitive from justice, nor does it show by affidavit or indictment, that Jew Yuen Mow has been charged with a crime against the laws of the State of California.

Argument in the case continued this afternoon.

## Taft Names White, Democrat, For Chief Of Supreme Court

### Confederate Veteran to Head Highest Tribunal

(Associated Press Cable.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—President Taft today announced the appointment of Justice Edward Douglass White to the chief justiceship of the supreme bench, as was forecast by the Associated Press yesterday. White is now associate justice. Although a Democrat and a veteran of the Confederate army, his career, the President feels, is distinguished enough to entitle him to the honor.

Two appointments of assistant justices were announced, Willis Van Devanter of Wyoming and Joseph R. Lamar of Georgia. Van Devanter was chief justice of the Wyoming Supreme Court during territorial government days under President Harrison, and later was an assistant attorney-general of the United States in the Interior Department.

Lamar is a distinguished Southern jurist. He has been an associate justice of the Georgia Supreme Court since 1903.

The President also sent in the following appointments: Judges of the Court of Commerce: Martin A. Knapp of New York, Robert W. Archbald of Pennsylvania, William H. Hunt of Montana, John E. Garland of South Dakota, Julian W. Mack of Illinois. Interstate Commerce Commissioners: R. H. Meyer, Wisconsin; C. C. McChord, Kentucky.

The confirmations of Justice White and of Frederick Lehmann of St. Louis, as solicitor-general, have been made.



Edward Douglass White's career has in many respects been a remarkable one. Born in the parish of Lafayette, La., November 3, 1845, he is now sixty-five years of age. He was educated at Mount St. Mary's, near Emmitsburg, Md., at the Jesuit College in New Orleans and at Georgetown University. During the Civil War he served in the Confederate army.

## KEEFE DECLARES FILIPINO IMMIGRATION MUST CEASE

A conference of far reaching importance and at which the immigration policy pursued by the Territorial Government was under severe fire from United States Commissioner of Immigration Keefe was held this morning at the Immigration Station.

At the conference Commissioner Keefe declared emphatically against the policy of bringing Filipinos to the country. He declared that they would never make material for the Americanization of Hawaii.

He declared that something must be done to stop the exodus of Russians from Hawaii to the mainland where they are now admitted—despite the fact they are practically paupers—because they have been admitted to Hawaii.

Commissioner Keefe insisted that this condition must be met with in some manner, intimating that Hawaii was morally responsible as far as preventing the mainland from being infested with large numbers of indigent Russians.

The conference was attended by a number of the most prominent men identified with the sugar industry of the Territory. Those who participated

in the discussion were Faxon Bishop, Samuel Damon, W. O. Smith, E. H. Wedelhouse, J. P. Cooke, E. D. Tenney, Governor Frear, A. L. C. Atkinson, Mr. Wichman, Charles Bon, Mr. Hedeman, Robert Breckons, Dr. Clark and Mr. McLean.

The conference that produced the outline of the plan of Filipino immigration from Commissioner Keefe was called by the local United States Commissioner of Immigration, Raymond C. Brown, in an effort to enlighten Mr. Keefe concerning the attitude of the planters.

In stating his position after the conference, Mr. Keefe declared that he believed white labor could be maintained in Hawaii by a material increase in wages, a decrease in the cost of living and a betterment of living conditions on the plantations. He declared that the Americanization of the islands was paramount to all else and that end would never be accomplished by importing Filipinos.

"Filipinos are brought here under a three years' contract," said Commissioner Keefe. "Some of them that arrive have never done any man-

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## ASK DISMISSAL OF CONTEST

### Attorneys for Fern Claim Second Attempt Is Improper.

The second majority election contest petition was before the Territorial Supreme Court this morning, the proceedings being occupied in a lengthy argument in connection with a motion made by Thayer and Ashford, for Fern, to dismiss the second petition.

The attorneys for Mayor Fern urged that the second contest petition as drawn up by George Davis covered

practically the same grounds of contest that were alleged in the first petition, disposed of in the recent decision of the Supreme Court. Thayer also claimed that the certified copy of the second petition served upon Mayor Fern was not an accurate copy of the original, in fact was decidedly different in a number of important particulars.

## CHEAPER OIL

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY, Honolulu Agency, announces a further reduction of 1c per gallon in the price of Star Kerosene.

Gasoline also has been reduced 1c per gallon and Distillate 1/2c per gallon. Lined Oil has been reduced 6c per gallon.

BULLETIN ADS PAY

## ROE A SUICIDE IN PRESENCE OF WIFE

In the presence of his wife, Charles R. Roe, of this city, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, slashed his throat from ear to ear and died a few moments afterward. Roe committed the deed at his home on Kalakaua avenue.

The motive for the suicide is not fully known. Roe was administrator of his father's estate, and it was rumored this afternoon that he had involved himself in financial difficulties. He was employed by the Honolulu Iron Works and leaves a wife and baby.

## GOVERNOR FREAR SCORED BY KUHIO

Bitter at what he terms the underhand work of Governor Frear, Delegate Kuhio today declared that Frear is largely responsible for the trouble that has arisen over the appointment of a man to succeed Walter Drake in the collectorship of internal revenue. In the course of an interview with a Bulletin reporter this morning, the Delegate took occasion to score the Governor on no unmeasured terms.

Last Saturday forenoon Delegate Kuhio and National Committeeman Holstein went up to the office of the Governor and there had a conference regarding the candidates for the office. According to Delegate Kuhio, the Governor at that time did not state his position clearly regarding the man whom he wanted appointed. The Delegate stated that he himself was for Carl Wideman, while Holstein was for W. H. Goetz.

Although Governor Frear was repeatedly asked to suggest the name of his man, Kuhio says he would not come right out at the time, they were discussing the matter.

According to the Delegate and Holstein, the Governor did make remarks regarding the names of J. G. Rothwell, R. E. Wright and Goetz, but refused to state clearly whom he was in favor of.

No sooner had Kuhio and Holstein left the Capital, says Kuhio, than the Governor telephoned for Alfred Cooper, chairman of the Republican central committee, to come up to his office.

He is declared to have told Cooper that he was in favor of the appointment of J. G. Rothwell, and at the same time advised him to use his influence so that the committee might agree to endorse his name, when brought up for discussion. Rothwell's name was later endorsed by the committee.

"What I don't like about the Governor," said Kuhio this morning, "is his underhand work. Instead of his mentioning the name of Rothwell like a man or, rather, showing his approval of the appointment of Rothwell, he made us believe that he had no thought for him at all."

"But as soon as we left his office he telephoned down to Cooper, advising him to use his influence for Rothwell."

## GOVERNMENT STILL LEADS IN ELECTIONS

(Special Bulletin Cable.) LONDON, Dec. 12.—The result of the general election to date is 283 seats for the Government and 227 for the Opposition.

It is well to be sure you are right before going ahead, and it is just as well to be sure you are wrong before backing out.

The man who says he has been working so hard he hasn't time to eat dinner usually lies.

## Taft Remembers Hawaii's Needs

### Ship Subsidy and Military Recommendations Are Emphatic

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—President Taft's message to Congress contains a number of recommendations of particular interest to the Territory of Hawaii. The most important of these are his hearty declaration for a ship subsidy bill, his recommendations for work on Pearl Harbor and a plan for reorganization of several subdivisions of the War Department. He strongly urges also the development of the volunteer militia service.

His message referring to the points above noted in part is as follows:

Another instrumentality indispensable to the unhampered and natural development of American commerce is merchant marine. All maritime and commercial nations recognize the importance of this factor. The great commercial nations, our competitors, jealously foster their merchant marine. Perhaps nowhere is the need for rapid and direct mail, passenger and freight communication quite so urgent as between the United States and Latin-America. We can secure in no other quarter of the world such immediate benefits in friendship and commerce as would flow from the establishment of direct lines of communication with the countries of Latin-America adequate to meet the requirements of a rapidly-increasing appreciation of the reciprocal dependence of the countries of the western hemisphere upon each other's products, sympathies and assistance.

I alluded to this most important subject in my last annual message; it has often been before you and I need not recapitulate the reasons for its recommendation. Unless prompt action be taken the completion of the Panama Canal will find this the only great commercial nation unable to avail itself in international maritime business of this great contribution to the means of the world's commercial intercourse.

Quite aside from the commercial aspect, unless we create a merchant marine where can we find the seafaring population necessary as a natural reserve and where could we find, in case of war, the transports and subsidiary vessels without which a naval fleet is arms without a body? For many reasons I can not too strongly urge upon the Congress the

passage of a measure by mail subsidy or other subvention adequate to guarantee the establishment and rapid development of an American merchant marine, the restoration of the American flag to its ancient place upon the seas.

As to Pearl Harbor.

I have directed that the estimates for appropriation for the improvement of coast defenses in the United States should be reduced to a minimum, while those for the completion of the needed fortifications at Corregidor, in the Philippine Islands, and at Pearl Harbor, in the Hawaiian Islands, should be expedited as much as possible. The proposition to make Olongapo and Subig Bay the naval base for the Pacific was given up, and it is to be treated merely as a supply station, while the fortifications in the Philippines are to be largely confined to Corregidor Island and the adjacent islands which command entrance to Manila Bay and which are being rendered impregnable from land and sea attack. The Pacific naval base has been transferred to Pearl Harbor, in the Hawaiian Islands. This necessitates the heavy fortification of the harbor and the establishment of an important military station near Honolulu. I urge that all the estimates made by the War Department for these purposes be approved by Congressional appropriation.

The general plan for an army of the United States at peace should be that of a skeleton organization with an excess of trained officers and thus capable of rapid enlargement by enlistments, to be supplemented in emergency by the national militia and a volunteer force. In some measure this plan has been adopted in the very large proportion of cavalry and field artillery as compared with infantry in the present army and on a peace basis. An infantry force can be trained in six months; a cavalry or a light artillery force not under one and one-half or two years; hence the importance of having ready a larger number of the more skilled soldiers.

The militia system, for which Congress by the constitution is authorized to provide, was developed by the so-called Dick law, under which the

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## SAY LORIMER'S INFANTRY BAND SEAT NOT BOUGHT AT THE MOANA

(Special Bulletin Cable.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—The subcommittee on privileges and elections which has been investigating the charges arising out of the election of Senator William J. Lorimer of Illinois, today reported that the charges of bribery are unfounded.

## ENGINEERS DEMAND INCREASE IN WAGES

(Special Bulletin Cable.) CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—The Brotherhood of American Railway Engineers today issued an ultimatum to the railroad of an increase in wages or a strike.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—Representative Cook of Pennsylvania was today stricken with apoplexy. His condition is critical.

## PEOPLE SAVED;

VALDEZ, Alaska, Dec. 12.—All of the passengers and crew of the Alaskan steamship Olympia, which went on the rocks off Prince William Sound, have been saved. The vessel is probably a total loss.

## OPEN EVENINGS

I. B. Kerr & Co., will be open every evening until Christmas. Santa Claus and music.